

Checklist for Importing Animals, Embryos or Semen.

Importing Semen

Before using semen from a Bull which is not already registered with the British Charolais Cattle Society (i.e. belong
to another Charolais society) you must remember to supply the following to the society:

	A five-generation Zootechnical certificate, in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/1012, for trade in semen of purebred breeding animals from the herd book of origin or alternatively the Society it was last transferred to (if it is on the third country register). E.g. tag number, prefix IE (Southern Ireland) FR (France) SWE (Sweden)	
	If this does not cover 5 generations, then an additional document is required to cover the generations which are not covered.	
	The Parents and Grandparents of the dams and all potential sires must be in the main register of the herd book of origin or alternatively the Society it was last transferred to (but only if it is on the third country register). This will be reviewed by the society on receipt of the Zootechnical Certificate.	
	At least a 50K SNP DNA profile which meets the Weatherbys testing requirements of a minimum of 554 ICAR markers or at least 200 ISAG markers. or alternatively a semen straw, wet tissue-tag sample, or tail hair sample from the bull.	
	The Bull must be at least Sire Verified, Myostatin tested for F94L and Q204X genes and be tested for the Progressive Ataxia gene.	
Only use the semen once the animal is approved by the society. Importing Animals		
	A Zootechnical Export certificate for trade in purebred breeding animals of the bovine species from the herdbook of origin or alternatively the Society it was last transferred to (if it is on the third country register). E.g. tag number prefix IE (Southern Ireland) FR (France) SWE (Sweden)	
	If this does not cover 5 generations for all potential sires and dams, then an additional document is required to cover the generations which are not covered.	
	The Parents and Grandparents of the dams and all potential sires must be in the main register of the herd book of origin or alternatively the Society it was last transferred to (but only if it is on the third country register). This will be reviewed by the society on receipt of the Zootechnical Certificate.	
	At least a 50K SNP DNA profile which meets the Weatherbys testing requirements of a minimum of 554 ICAR markers or at least 200 ISAG markers or alternatively a semen straw (if applicable), wet tissue-tag sample or tail hair sample.	
	The animal must be at least Sire Verified, Myostatin tested for F94L and Q204X genes and be tested for the Progressive Ataxia gene.	
	If the official export certificate does not show your name as the owner (e.g. France), you must include the intra-trade certificate showing the movement of the cattle from the previous owner to the new owner.	

The animal will not be fully imported until it has met all the requirements.

Importing Embryos

The British Charolais Society will require a new Zootechnical certificate for trade in embryos of purebred breeding animals for each new flush, regardless of whether the sire or dams are in the BCCS herd book.

	A Zootechnical certificate for trade in embryos of purebred breeding animals from the current breed society/competent authority/embryo collection or production team.
	If this does not cover 5 generations for all potential donor sires and donor dams, then an additional document is required to cover the generations which are not covered.
	The Parents and Grandparents of the donor dams and all potential donor sires must be in the main register of the herd book of origin or alternatively the Society it was last transferred to (but only if it is on the third country register). This will be reviewed by the society on receipt of the Zootechnical Certificate.
	ET1 Flush form associated with the embryos.
	If BCCS do not already have a 50K SNP profile for any of the donor sires.
Ш	At least a 50K SNP DNA profile which meets the Weatherbys testing requirements of a minimum of 554 ICAR markers or at least 200 ISAG markers or alternatively a tail hair sample/semen sample/wet tissue-tag sample from the potential sires
	If BCCS do not already have a 50K SNP profile for any of the donor dams.
	At least a 50K SNP DNA profile which meets the Weatherbys testing requirements of a minimum of 554 ICAR markers or at least 200 ISAG markers or alternatively a tail hair sample or wet tissue-tag sample from the potential dams.
	The parents of the embryos must be tested for the Progressive Ataxia gene. Where this is not possible the progeny will be tested on birth.
	Include the intra-trade certificate showing the movement of the embryo from the previous owner to the new owner.

Importing Recipient Dams

The British Charolais Society will require a new a Zootechnical certificate for trade in embryos of purebred breeding animals for each new flush regardless of whether the sire or dams are in the BCCS herd book. If you are importing a Recipient Dam with an implanted embryo, please provide the following for the implanted embryo:

A Zootechnical certificate for trade in embryos of purebred breeding animals from the current breed society/competent authority/embryo collection or production team.
If this does not cover 5 generations for all potential donor sires and donor dams, then an additional document is required to cover the generations which are not covered.
The Parents and Grandparents of the donor dams and all potential donor sires must be in the main register of the herd book of origin or alternatively the Society it was last transferred to (but only if it is on the third country register). This will be reviewed by the society on receipt of the Zootechnical Certificate.
ET1 Flush form and/or ET2 amendment form associated with the embryos implanted into the recipient. (this must identify the recipient dam's unique id e.g. tag number and breed)
If BCCS do not already have a 50K SNP profile for any of the donor sires. At least a 50K SNP DNA profile which meets the Weatherbys testing requirements of a minimum of 554 ICAR markers or at least 200 ISAG markers or alternatively a tail hair sample/semen sample/wet tissue-tag sample from the potential sires
If BCCS do not already have a 50K SNP profile for any of the donor dams. At least a 50K SNP DNA profile which meets the Weatherbys testing requirements of a minimum of 554 ICAR markers or at least 200 ISAG markers or alternatively a tail hair sample or wet tissue-tag sample from the potential dams.
The parents of the embryos must be tested for the Progressive Ataxia gene. Where this is not possible the progeny will be tested on birth and will not be eligible for registration if it is a double carrier of the Progressive Ataxia gene.
Include the intra-trade certificate showing the movement of the recipient dam from the previous owner to the new owner.